



# What is the appropriate sample (s) on which to perform sequencing for mutational analysis to guide the selection of targeted therapy?





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## **ABSTRACT**

<u>BACKGROUND</u>: Success of targeted therapy requires expression of the protein. Tumor tissue source can include diagnostic biopsy, surgical samples from initial or follow-up surgeries, fluids e.g. pleural or ascites and circulating tumor cells (CTC). The goal of using CTCs was 1. To determine whether CTC can be used as a "liquid" tumor biopsy and enable gene sequence information at the single cell level and 2. To determine the heterogeneity represented in the circulation compared to that seen in solid tumor by examining single cells (or a small cluster of cells) for the presence of a specific mutation which was detected in tissue tumor source.

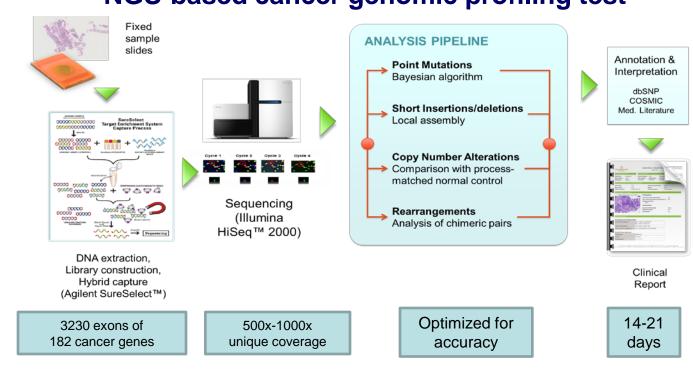
**METHODS:** We performed sequencing for mutational analysis on tissue(s) from patients with inflammatory breast cancer (IBC). Tumor sources varied from mastectomy tissue, metastatic site(s) e.g. liver or skin from chest wall disease, pleural fluid and CTC isolated into pure single cell populations (or groups of cells) using Silicon Biosystems DEPArray. Ampli1™ WGA kit was used for CTC amplification. Of the 22 patients sequenced, mastectomy primary tumor was examined in 3, metastatic site skin chest wall disease in 15, other metastatic site in 4, pleural fluid in 2 and CTC collected to investigate p53 mutations in 8. **RESULTS**: To date 35 patients have had mutational data performed, 23/35 had mutations in p53, 6/35 in RB1 and BRAC, 9/35 in PI3K and 5/35 in ERBB2, 2/35 in Notch 1 and 1/35 in each of, ATM, KRAS, MEN1 and ESR1. Numerous amplifications were noted including AKT, RPTOR, MLC1, MYC, CCND1, AURKA, MDM2, FGFR1 and ERBB2. For one patient's chest wall biopsy compared to two single CTCs and a cluster of 10 CTCs the same TP53C229fs\*10 mutation was detected revealing the same 2bp deletion. No 2bp deletion was found in single white blood cells. Whereas, another patient which showed a TP53 S215G mutation in her skin biopsy of chest wall disease, only amplifications of AURKA, CCND1, IGF1R, MDM2 and SRC in pleural tumor cells were detected and no mutations in three single CTC, two single pleural tumor cells and in single white blood cells were seen. Primary tumor tissue is being sort for both of these patients. Mutational data reviewed to date suggest that IBC is not one disease but a multiplicity of diseases, revealing a variety of target(s). Aberrations are not consistent across tissue source.

<u>CONCLUSIONS</u>: Successful treatment outcomes using standard of care chemotherapy combined with target therapies will require not one, but a panel, of tissue sources for sequencing to guide the selection of appropriate targeted therapies.

### **OBJECTIVES**

- To detect genomic abnormalities with potential for therapeutic targeting.
- To compare mutations/amplifications in tissue from various disease sites and compare to circulating tumor cells (CTCs).
- To improve the understanding of the molecular drivers of metastasis in IBC and metastatic breast cancer.

# TISSUE SEQUENCING (Foundation Medicine, Inc.) NGS-based cancer genomic profiling test



#### **Mutation Frequency (Tissue**

P53	65.7%
PI3K, PI3KR1,pI3KCA	25.7%
RB1	17.1%
BRAC1, BRAC2	17.1%
Notch1	5.7%

### Amplification Frequency (Tissue)

MYC1	28.6%
CCND1, CCNE1	20%
MCL1	14.3%
ERBb2	14.3%
FGFR1	8.6%
MDM2	5.7%
AURAK	5.7%
AKT1, AKT2, AKT3	5.7%

### **Concordance Between Multiple Tissue Samples**

Disease	Tissue source	Mutation	Amplification	CTCs (TP53 analysis) (DEPArray captured)
	Breast bx 2011	TP53 R273H, PIK3CA E545K, RB1 R661W	Kras, MCL1, MYC	
IBC	Breast 2012	TP53 R273H, PIK3CA E545K, RB1 R661W	Kras, MYC	
	Pleural fluid 2012	AKT1 E17K, TP53 D259Y, RB1 E693* CDH1 S337_L343del+splice		
IBC	Abdominal skin punch 2012	AKT1 E17K, TP53 D259Y, RB1 E693* CDH1 S337_L343del+splice		
IBC	Pleural fluid 2011	PTEN D107Y, BRAC1 truncation PTEN D107Y, BRAC1 truncation		8 single CTC (N.D.)
	Chest wall 2011 Breast 2011		MCL1. MYC. JUN	1 of 1 single CTC ( showed same
IBC Chest wall 2012	TP53 R110fs*13	MCL1, MYC	1 pool CTCs TP53 mutation) 3 WBC controls (no mutation)	
IBC	Chest wall 2012 Pleural fluid 2012	TP53 S99fs*44, RB1 L779* TP53 S99fs*44, RB1 L779*	MYC, MDM4 FGFR1,MYC, MDM4	3 of 3 single CTC(showed same TP53 mutation)
	IBC IBC	Breast bx 2011  IBC Breast 2012  Pleural fluid 2012  IBC Abdominal skin punch 2012  Pleural fluid 2011  IBC Chest wall 2011  Breast 2011  IBC Chest wall 2012  Chest wall 2012	Breast bx 2011	Breast bx 2011

#### Discordance Between Multiple Tissue Samples

Discordance between wuitiple Tissue Samples					
Patient ID	Disease	Tissue source	Mutation	Amplification	CTCs (TP53 analysis) (DEPArray captured)
		Chest wall 2008	PIK3CA H1047R, CDKN2A H98T	CCND1	5 single CTC (N.D.)
6155	IBC	Chest wall 2012	PIK3CA H1047R, ESR1 D538G	CCND1	1
1167/3867/ 0121 IBC	Breast 2009		CCND1, IGF1R, MDM2	0 of 5 single CTC	
	Chest wall 2012	TP53 S215G	CCNE1	0 of 1 cluster CTC (no TP53 mutation seen) 5 WBC controls	
	Pleural fluid 2012		AURKA, CCND1, IGF1R, MDM2, SRC		
		Right breast bx 2012	TP53 R156fs*14, PIK3CA E8_L15>G	MCL 1, MYC	
1439/3116	IBC	Left breast 2012	TP53 R156fs*14	MCL 1, MYC	1
	Breast 2010	TP53 A159V, PAX5 I301T	ERBB2		
3108	IBC	Pleural fluid 2012	NF1 truncation exon28, PAX5 I301T		1
	Breast 2010	TP53 P98fs*18, SOX10 A361V	RAF1		
1186/1073	IBC	Chest wall 2011	TP53 Q104fs*19	ERBB2	1
2673/0155 IBC	IBC	Breast 2009	TP53 R110fs*13, BRAC2 A1327fs*4, RB1 F721>*		3 of 3 single CTC 2 of 2 clusters (same TP53
		Chest wall 2012	TP53 R110fs*13, BRAC2 A1327fs*4, RB1 F720*	CCNE1, MYC	mutation) 8 WBC controls (no mutation)

# METHODS & RESULTS

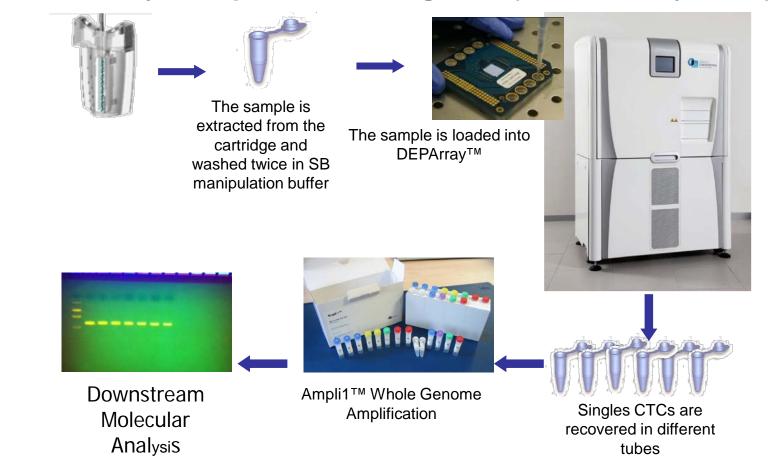
### Single Tissue source analysis

Patient	Disease	Tissue	Mutation	Amplification	CTCs (TP53 analysis)
ID		source			(DEPArray captured)
		Lymph node	TP53 splice site 782+1C>T,		
2192	IBC		RB1 P777fs*33		
0102	IBC	Chest wall	TP53 G245S,G245D		
			TP53 C229fs*10, ERBB2 V777L,		4 of 5 single CTC (same TP53
6146	IBC	Chest wall	ERBB2 S310F, PIK3CA K111E		1 of 1 cluster CTC mutation) 5 WBC controls (no mutation)
6143	IBC	Chest wall	BRAC2 L1768fs*5		o vibo donadis (no matation)
					15 single CTC (N.D.)
3866	IBC	Chest wall	RB1 splice 607+1G>C		WBC controls (N.D.)
			TP53 H179R	ERBB2	
3833	IBC	Chest wall	PIK3R1		
			441N_452YdellNIEAVGKKLHEY		
		Breast		CCND1, CDK4,	
0099	IBC			MDM2	
0002	IBC	Brain bx		ERBB2	
		Liver bx	TP53 P190_H193>*E,	AKT1,	2 of 2 single CTC(same TP53
3865	IBC		BRCA1 E23fs*17	RPTOR,MCL1,	mutation) 4 WBC controls(no mutation)
				MYC	4 WBC controls(no mutation)
0034	IBC	Chest wall	TP53 R248Q, MEN1 E496*	CCND1	
0053	IBC	Breast	TP53 splice site 993+1 C>T	CCND1, MYC	
		Chest wall	TP53 K132N, PIK3CA H1047R,	ERBB2	
0004	IBC		EGFR L858R		
1110	IBC	Chest wall	TP53 S241fs*23	AKT2	
1938	IBC	Chest wall	Kras G12D, NOTCH1 E424K		
		Lymph node	TP53 W146*, ATM E672fs*31	CCND1, MCL1,	
1939	IBC			MYC, NKX2-1	
		Chest wall	PIK3R1 K567_L570del,		
3080	IBC		ARID1A A2097fs*39, CARD11 N184S		
		Chest wall		AKT1, AURKA,	
1370	IBC			FGFR1, MYC	
2771	IBC	Chest wall	NOTCH1 loss		
3770	IBC	Chest wall	TP53 R342*	FGFR1	
		Bone marrow	TP53 G245C, BRAC1 R1583fs*39,	AKT3,JAK2	
3296	IBC		EPHA3 E237K		
4836	Breast CA	Breast	BRAC2 S1982fs*22, PIK3CA H1047R	MYC	CTC filter captured FISH results
0933	Breast CA	Lymph node	TP53 Q317fs*28		10 single CTC (N.D.) WBC controls (N.D.)
5510	Breast CA	Parietal scalp	PIK3CA E454K, RUNX1 Q213*		
5507	Breast CA	Lung lesion	TP53 R342*, FANCA truncation		

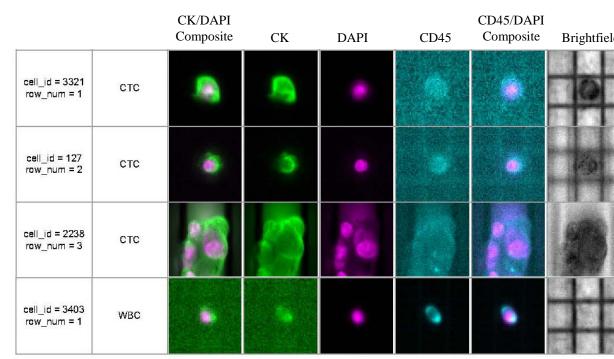
### CTC analysis *Ampli1*™ *WGA* (Silicon Biosystems)

Patient	p53 mutation (tissue/biopsy)	# of cells with the mutation	Mutated sequences
1 (2673/0155)	R110fs*13	3/3 single CTCs 2/2 clustered CTCs	GCTACGGTTTCC-TCTGGGCTTCTTGC GCTACGGTTTCCGTCTGGGCTTCTTGC
2 (1321/0105)	R110fs*13	0/8 single WBCs  1/1 single CTC  9/9 sequences from a CTC pool  0/3 single WBCs	GCTACGGTTTCC <mark>-</mark> TCTGGGCTTCTTGC GCTACGGTTTCCGTCTGGGCTTCTTGC
3 (3865)	P190_H193>*E	2/2 single CTCs 0/4 single WBCs	GGTCTGGCC <mark>TAAGAG</mark> CTTATC
4 (1167/3867/ 0121)	S215G	0/5 single CTC 0/1 clustered CTC 0/5 single WBCs 0/5 sequences from a WBC pool	None observed
5 (6146)	C229fs*10	4/5 single CTCs 1/1 clustered CTCs 0/5 single WBCs	GTTGGCTCTGAC <mark></mark> TACCACCATCCAC GTTGGCTCTGACTGTACCACCATCCAC
6 (3304/3293)	S99fs*44	3/3 single CTCs 0/1 single WBCs	TGTCCCAGGG TGTCCCTTCCCAGAAAACCTACCAGGG
	*This 16 bp del within the 109 bp intron 3 sequence was detected in the CTCs but not in the WBC.		GGACC <mark>TGGAGGGGACCTGGAGGGGACCTGGAGGGGACCTGGAGGGACCTGGAGGGACCTGGAGGGACCTGGAGGGACCTGGAGGGACCTGGAGGGACCTGGAGGGACCTGGAGGGACCTGGAGGGACCTGGAGGGACCTGGAGG</mark>

### **DEPArray- Samples Processing Flow (Silicon Biosystems)**

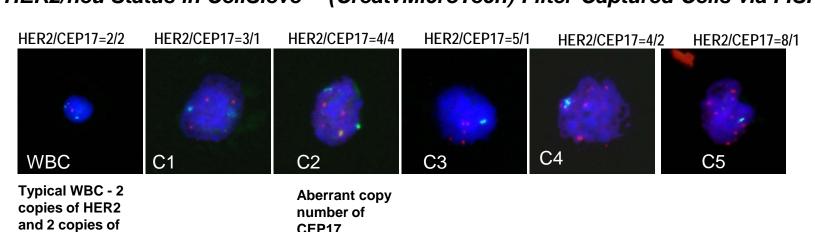


### DEPArray Images of cells recovered from Pt. 6146



CTCs were enriched using Veridex CellSearch technology which uses anti-CK-PE, DAPI and anti-CD45-APC to fluorescently label cells. Single CTCs, clustered CTCs and single WBCs were selected and isolated on the Silicon Biosystems DEP Array. Representative cells are shown.

### HER2/neu Status in CellSieve™ (CreatvMicroTech) Filter-Captured Cells via FISH in Pt. #4836



5 unusual cells HER2/CEP17=24 /9=2.67

Average ratio in

### CONCLUSIONS

- Genomic sequencing in MBC is feasible and has identified potential therapeutic targets.
- Tissue selection should represent the current disease sites e.g. chest wall, bone, lymph node, pleural fluid and CTCs.
- All sites of current disease, if feasible, should be sought.
- Targeted treatment modalities should address the gene mutation and/or gene amplifications detected in the tissue(s) analysis.